

- **Ideal Front-End Filter for European Wireless Receivers**
- **Low-Loss, Coupled-Resonator Quartz Design**
- **Simple External Impedance Matching**
- **Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)**

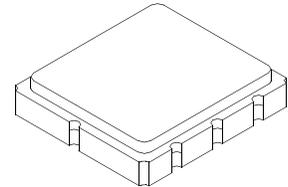


The RF1172C is a low-loss, compact, and economical surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) filter designed to provide front-end selectivity in 433.92 MHz receivers. Receiver designs using this filter include superhet with 10.7 MHz or 500 kHz IF, direct conversion and superregen. Typical applications of these receivers are wireless remote-control and security devices operating in Europe under ETSI I-ETS 300 220.

This coupled-resonator filter (CRF) uses selective null placement to provide suppression, typically greater than 40 dB, of the LO and image spurious responses of superhet receivers with 10.7 MHz IF. Murata's advanced SAW design and fabrication technology is utilized to achieve high performance and very low loss with simple external impedance matching.

RF1172C

**433.92 MHz
SAW Filter**



**SM5050-8 Case
5 x 5**

Characteristic	Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency at 25°C Absolute Frequency Tolerance from 433.92 MHz	f_c	1, 2		433.92		MHz
	Δf_c				±160	kHz
Insertion Loss	IL	1		3.0	5.0	dB
3 dB Bandwidth	BW ₃	1, 2	500	600	800	kHz
Rejection at $f_c - 21.4$ MHz (Image) at $f_c - 10.7$ MHz (LO) Ultimate		1	40	50		dB
			30	40		
				80		
Temperature Operating Case Temp. Turnover Temperature Turnover Frequency Freq. Temp. Coefficient	T_C	3, 4	-40		+85	°C
	T_O		15	25	35	°C
	f_O			f_c		MHz
	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging Absolute Value during the First Year	fA	5		≤10		ppm/yr
Impedance @ f_c Input $Z_{IN} = R_{IN} \parallel C_{IN}$ Output $Z_{OUT} = R_{OUT} \parallel C_{OUT}$	Z_{IN}	1	212 Ω 3.1 pF			
	Z_{OUT}		212 Ω 3.1 pF			
Lid Symbolization (Y=year WW=week S=shift)	409 // YWWS					
Standard Reel Quantity Reel Size 7 Inch Reel Size 13 Inch	9		500 Pieces/Reel			
			3000 Pieces/Reel			



CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

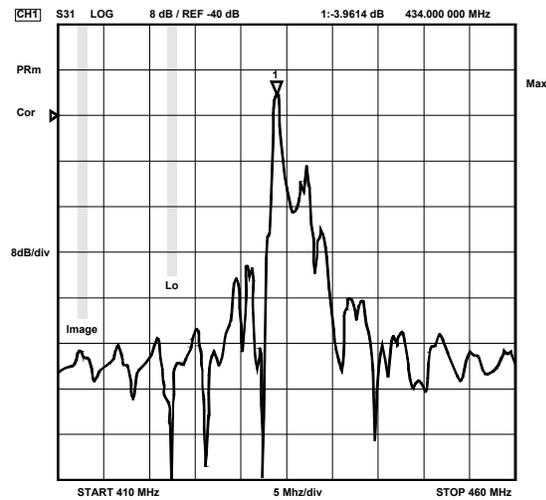
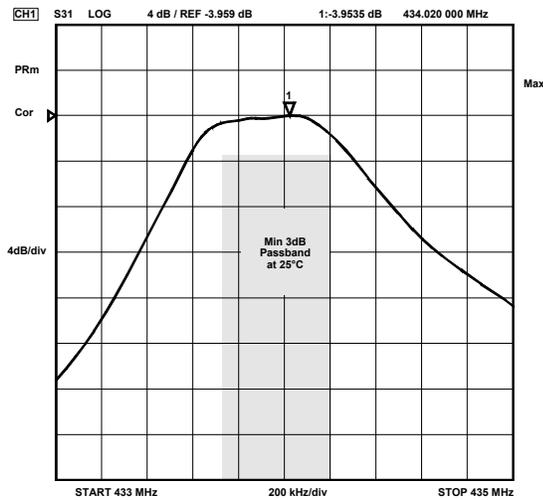
NOTES:

1. Unless noted otherwise, all measurements are made with the filter installed in the specified test fixture which is connected to a 50 W test system with VSWR ≤ 1.2:1. The test fixture L and C are adjusted for minimum insertion loss at the filter center frequency, f_c . Note that insertion loss and bandwidth and passband shape are dependent on the impedance matching component values and quality.
2. The frequency f_c is defined as the midpoint between the 3dB frequencies.
3. Where noted specifications apply over the entire specified operating temperature range.
4. The turnover temperature, T_O , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O . The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C , may be calculated from:
 $f = f_O [1 - FTC (T_C - T_O)^2]$.
5. Frequency aging is the change in f_c with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing significantly in subsequent years.
6. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change.
7. One or more of the following U.S. Patents apply: 4,54,488, 4,616,197, and others pending.

Rating	Value	Units
Input Power Level	10	dBm
DC Voltage	12	VDC
Storage Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature	(10 seconds / 5 cycles max.)	260

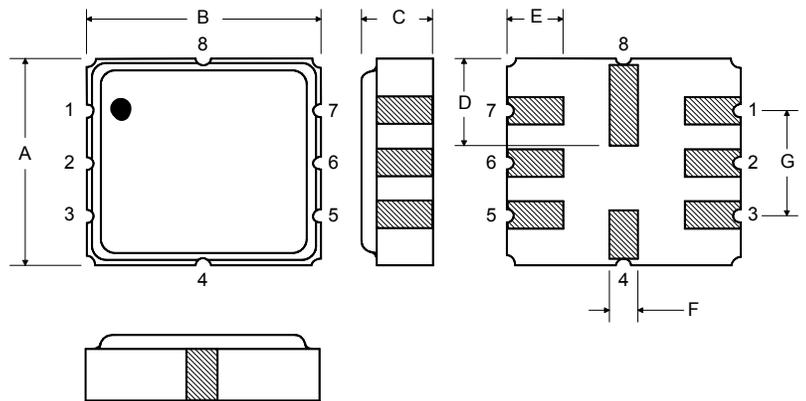
Typical Filter Response

Typical filter responses are shown below. The actual response is dependent on external impedance matching and circuit layout.

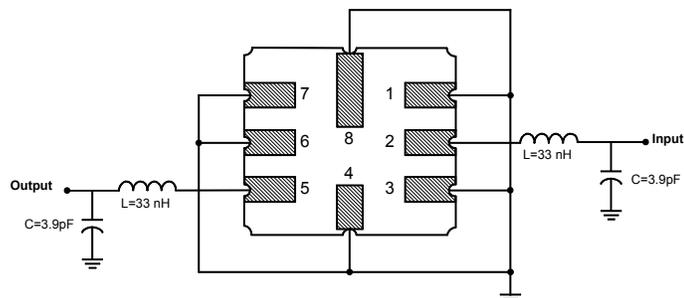


Electrical Connections

Pin	Connection
1	Input Ground
2	Input
3	to be Grounded
4	Case Ground
5	Output
6	Output Ground
7	to be Grounded
8	Case Ground



Matching Circuit to 50Ω



Case Dimensions

Dimension	mm			Inches		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	4.8	5.0	5.2	0.189	0.197	0.205
B	4.8	5.0	5.2	0.189	0.197	0.205
C			1.7			0.067
D		2.08			0.082	
E		1.17			0.046	
F		0.64			0.025	
G	2.39	2.54	2.69	0.094	0.100	0.106