

SB120E-G thru SB1100E-G "-G" : RoHS Device

Voltage Range: 20 to 100 V

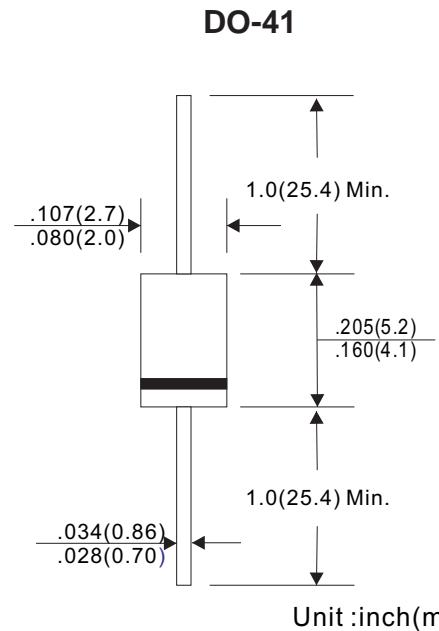
Current: 1.0 A

**FEATURES**

- Low drop down voltage
- 1.0A operation at TA=75°C with no thermal runaway
- For use in low voltage, high frequency invertors free wheeling and polarity protection
- Silicon epitaxial planar chips
- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) test under IEC61000-4-2: standard: >15KV (air) & >8KV (contact)
- Lead-free part, meet RoHS requirements

MECHANICAL DATA

- Case: Molded plastic body DO-41
- Epoxy: UL94-V0 rated flame retardant
- Terminals: Solderable per MIL-STD-750 Method 2026
- Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- Mounting Position: Any
- Weight: 0.012 ounces, 0.34 grams

**MAXIMUM RATING AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified

	Symbols	120E	140E	145E	150E	160E	180E	1100E	Units
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	20	40	45	50	60	80	100	Volts
Maximum RMS Voltage	V _{RMS}	14	28	30	35	42	56	70	Volts
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V _{DC}	20	40	45	50	60	80	100	Volts
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current 0.375" (9.5mm) lead length at TA=75°C, See Figure 1	I _{AV}						1.0		Amps
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3mS single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method) T _L =110°C	I _{FSM}						30		Amps
Maximum Forward Voltage at 1.0A (Note 1)	V _F		0.50		0.70		0.85		Volts
Maximum DC Reverse Current TA= 25°C at Rated DC Blocking Voltage TA=100°C	I _R				0.5				mA
			10			5			
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 2)	C _J			110					pF
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 3)	R _{θJA} R _{θJL}			80.0					°C/W
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _J	-65 ~ +125			-65 ~ +150				°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}				-65 ~ +150				°C

Note 1. Pulse test: 300μS pulse width, 1% duty cycle

2. Measured at 1.0MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 Volts

3. Thermal resistance from junction to ambient and from junction to lead P.C.B. mounted 0.375" (9.5mm) lead length

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES SB120E-G thru SB1100E-G

Fig. 1 - Forward Current Derating Curve

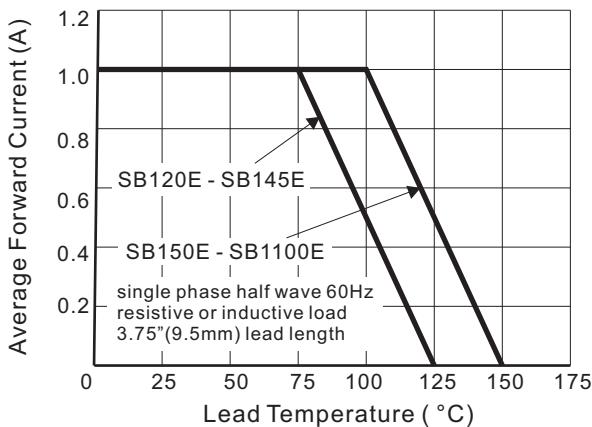


Fig. 2 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current

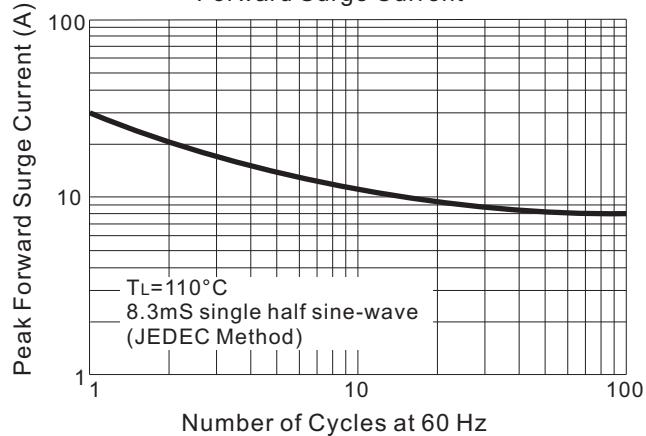


Fig. 3 - Typical Instantaneous Forward Characteristics

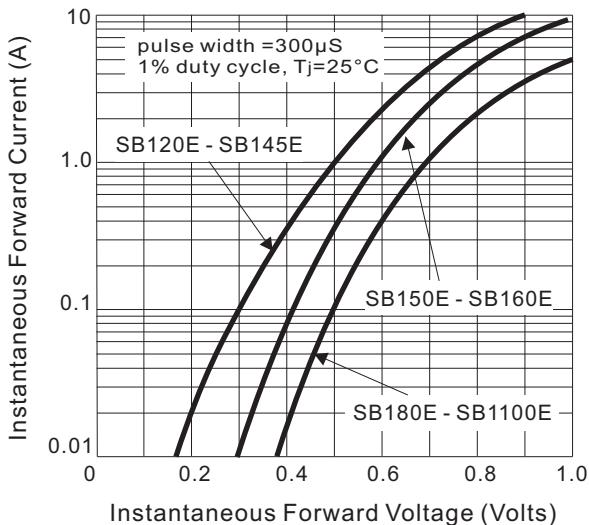


Fig. 4A - Typical Reverse Characteristics

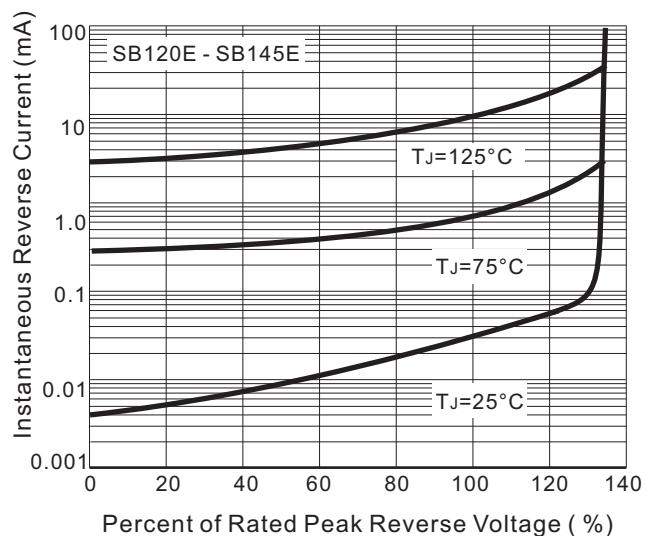


Fig. 5 - Typical Junction Capacitance

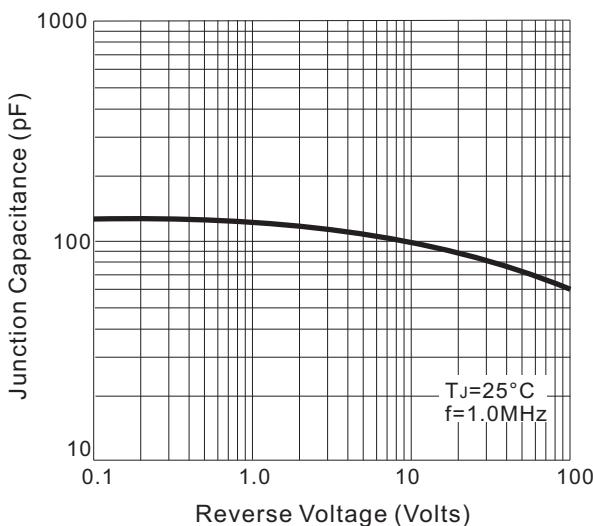


Fig. 4B - Typeical Reverse Characteristic

